

1.) He began his career as a newspaperman and was an editor of a trade magazine for store-window decorators. His first book was the highly successful *Father Goose: His Book*. Altogether he wrote more than 60 books, including stories about Tic Tock, Ozma and the Tin Man. For ten points, name this children's author played on TV by John Ritter.

A. Lyman Frank Baum

2.) It is used to make dinnerware, insecticides, paper, rubber, and tile. This versatile material is acid- and heat-resistant and sheets of it are used to create table tops. A soft grey stone, it can break into thin flakes and is mined throughout the world. For ten points, name this softest item on the Mohs scale.

A. Talc

3.) He was God of the planet Venus and his evening aspect was Xolotl, a dog-headed monster. One of the oldest and most important deities of ancient Mesoamerica, he is known to have been worshiped as early as AD 300 in highland Mexico and perhaps much earlier on the Gulf coast. For ten points, identify this deity's more-famous morning aspect, a feathered serpent.

A. Quetzalcoatl

4.) The man who became her father in law sent out a servant to find a wife for his son, giving him instructions to bring back the first woman offering him water. It is described that her twin sons struggled inside her before they were born. For ten points, name this great matriarch who, in the battle between her children, sided with Jacob and helped him cheat Esau out of Isaac's final blessing.

A. Rebecca

5.) It tells the story of Evelyn Roxburgh, the lower-class wife of a wealthy older man. After being seduced by her devious brother-in-law in Tasmania, Mrs. Roxburgh is shipwrecked on the Australian mainland and enslaved by Aborigines. For ten points, name this novel, one of the masterworks of Nobel laureate Patrick White.

A. A Fringe of Leaves

6.) They have survived virtually unchanged since the Silurian, as burrowing larvae that might become parasitic adults. Fresh and saltwater species are found all over the world in temperate zones, and range in size between 6 and 40 inches in length. For ten points, name this pest from the family Petromyzonidae.

A. lamprey

7.) Best known for his short stories, he was a British writer of satire and humor, a foreign correspondent, and a literary dandy. He chose his pseudonym from the Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam, and his only novel was *The Unbearable Bassington* (1912). For ten points, name this author, who refused a World War I commission and was killed as an enlisted soldier in the Battle of the Somme.

A. Hector Hugh Munro also accept Saki

8.) He won a landslide election in 1968 and began to effect greater independence from the U. S. He greatly expanded contact with the Soviets and with developing countries, recognized China, and sponsored the Official Languages Act (1969). For ten points, identify this Prime Minister who served both from 1968-1979 and 1980-1984.

A. Pierre Trudeau

9.) Originally, members of the Senate were chosen by the state legislatures, and vacancies in the Senate were filled in the same manner. Thus the control of representation in the U.S. Senate was centered in the state legislatures and only indirectly in the voters of the state. For ten points, name the law that reformed this practice, an Amendment to the U.S. Constitution adopted in 1913.

A. The Seventeenth Amendment

10.) Located in north Caucasia, its dominant ethnic group are a Caucasian-speaking people who are traditionally Muslim. It has petroleum, chemical, and lumber industries, which may have prompted the recent war. For ten points, name this rebellious republic, recently led by Dzhokhar Dudaev (Zoh-kar Du-die-yev), whose capital is at Grozny.

A. Chechnya

11. The titular song of a 1996 album begins "As I walk through the Valley where I harvest my grain/I take a look at my wife and realize she's very plain." For ten points name this work, a parody of Collio's sample of a Stevie Wonder song, the latest ingenious satirical song by Weird Al.

A. Amish Paradise

12. Now the 3rd largest furniture manufacturer in the US, it started off as the Kna-Shoe Company in the 1920's. Their big break came after they were encouraged by a Toledo salesman to upholster their folding, but uncomfortable, lawn chair. For ten points, put your feet up and give the current name of the old Floral City Furniture Company.

A. La-Z-Boy

13. He was the eldest son of a minor lord in Brittany, but gave up the noble lifestyle to become a scholar. He attracted notice with his teaching skills, and gained controversy with his maxim "Nothing accepted unless proved." For ten points, name this man, who had a controversial love affair with the young niece of Canon Fulbert of Notre-Dame, and wrote "Sic et Non."

A. Peter Abelard

14. This city was centrally planned during the 1920's and its population grew rapidly upon completion. First settled by the Ga in 1482, it had 3 European forts by 1800. The city

proper was incorporated in 1877, and it became a British colonial capital at that time. For ten points, name this city, now linked to the port of Tema, which remains a capital today.

A. Accra, Ghana

15. Born Maria Rosario Pilar Martinez Molina Bazza in Murcia, Spain, she was discovered by Xavier Cugat while playing the lead in "Night of the Iguana." He brought her to America with his band in 1965 and later married her. For ten points, name this woman, now a restaurant owner in Kauai, who always had a "koochie koochie" for guests aboard the Love Boat.

A. Charo

16. This military leader was elected the Prince of Novgorod in 1236, but he is better known for his defeat of the Swedes and Germans in 1240. He is less known for quelling riots of his people against the Mongols in 1257 and 1262. For ten points, name this noble and subject of film, whose adopted surname comes from the name of the river where he defeated the Swedes.

A. Aleksandr Nevski

17. In 1885 it was established as the British Protectorate of Bechuanaland. Internal self-government was granted in 1965 and full independence on Sept. 30, 1966. Sir Seretse Khama was elected president and served until his death in 1980. For ten points, name the country, a southern African republic famed for its diamonds, with its capital at Gaborone.

A. Botswana

18. A kindly deity, he is represented riding on the bird Garuda or reclining on the snake Shesha and is sometimes worshiped symbolically by a small stone called a salagrama. His female consort is Lakshmi, goddess of well-being. For ten points, name this god whose avatars are Rama and Krishna.

A. Vishnu

19. He was born in St. Petersburg, the son of a composer. He attended a conservatory and toured with the Soviet State Dancers and later worked with Diaghilev. For ten points, name this man, a founder of the New York City Ballet Company.

A. George Balanchine

20. As a young monk, he became interested in humanism and Classical Greek writers. He later became a Benedictine, studied medicine, and worked in Lyons. Later in life, he travelled with his patrons, who loved his biting satire and criticism more than the Church did. For ten points, name this "condemned heretic" and influence on Voltaire and Swift.

A. Rabelais

21. This city was founded in the 10th century, and by the 12th was a thriving trading center

called Kolyvan. It was captured by Denmark in the 13th century and joined the Hanseatic League in 1285. The Teutonic Knights controlled it for over 200 years, and it was later captured by the Swedes, Russians, Germans, and Soviets. For ten points, name this port and capital city on the Gulf of Finland.

A. Tallinn, Estonia

22. They continue to be manufactured in Faribault, Minnesota, where they were invented in 1926. A staple of county fairs and small-town festivals, as many as 70 million people will ride it this year. For ten points, name this ride that has provided cheap thrills and sore tummies all over the land.

A. Tilt-a-Whirl

23. He "discovered" Impressionism in 1848, but little demand existed for his paintings and lithographs. Born in Marseilles of artist parents, he started as a clerk and messenger before turning to illustration. For ten points, name this artist, who served a 6 month prison sentence in 1832 for insulting the king.

A. Honore Daumier

24.) He was training for the summer olympics when he died suddenly at Foxcatcher, an estate in Pennsylvania. Well, I suppose anyone John Du Pont shot in the chest would die pretty suddenly. For ten points, name this recent murder victim, winner of a gold medal for wrestling in 1984.

A. Dave Schultz

25. He translated old Icelandic literature, developed ideas on land conservation still in use today, and warned Victorian England on the dangers of pollution. He also dabbled in poetry and art criticism. For ten points, name this man who found his true vocation as a painter and designer.

A. William Morris

26. Many minerals can be dated in this way and this procedure has been used to date the oldest known terrestrial rocks, from Greenland, as well as rocks obtained from the Moon. Stony meteorites have also yielded a date, in this way, that is accepted as a reliable estimate of the age of the Earth. For ten points, identify the dating process named for two elements.

A. Rubidium-Strontium Dating

27. It is the amount of a substance for which the weight in grams has the same numerical value as the substance's molecular weight. In addition, one of these of any gas occupies a volume of 22.4 liters when maintained at 0 degrees celsius and 1 atmosphere pressure. For ten points, name this basic SI unit.

A. mole

Boni

1.) Thirty, twenty, ten, name the author from works.

30: Last Tales

20: Seven Gothic Tales

10: Out of Africa

A. Baroness Karen Blixen -Finecke
(Alternate Answer : Isak Dinesen)

2.) (25 pts) Name the geologic feature, given the description:

First, For ten points: These deposits were formed by long-term positions at the outer edge of a glacier's extent.

A. Terminal Moraine

Second, for 15 points, These strings of mountain lakes were formed by depressions below cirques filling with meltwater, forming tarn lakes that look like rosary beads.

A. Paternoster lakes

3.) Answer the following questions about popes for the stated number of pope points.

I. Pope John Paul II was installed as the successor to John Paul I who had succeeded Paul VI. For five points, in what year?

A. 1978

II. John Paul II isn't the only non-Italian Pope, just the first in a very long time. Give the last year (within 50 years) for ten points in which there was a non-Italian pope.

A. 1523 (accept anything between 1473 and 1573)

III. The last non-Italian Pope was Dutch, and served only one year. For fifteen points, name him.

A. Adrian VI

4.) Believe it or not, there actually are some major events in Australian history. Given some, order them from earliest to most recent for five points each, thirty total.

The Events are: John Howard elected prime minister, Patrick White is the first Australian to win the Nobel Prize, Sydney is founded, Australian federation into the Commonwealth of Australia, Transportation of prisoners to New South Wales ends, Aborigines are granted citizenship.

A. Sydney founded, Transportation ends, Federation, Aborigines given citizenship, White

wins Nobel, Howard elected P.M._

5. Thirty, twenty, ten, name the chemical element.

30: Its stablest isotope is called actinium-K, with a half-life of about 21 minutes.

20: Marguerite Perey, a French scientist, discovered it as a product of actinium decay, and it occurs in such minute amounts in nature that it cannot be isolated.

10: One of the alkali metals in Group 1A of the periodic table, its atomic number 87.

A. Francium

6. For five points each, thirty total, name any six of the seven women gymnasts currently representing the U.S. in the Olympics.

A. Shannon Miller, Dominique Dawes, Dominique Moceanu, Jaycee Phelps,
Amy Chow, Kelly Strug, Amanda Borden

7. Name the author from works, thirty, twenty, ten.

30: The Toilet (a play)

20: Preface to a Twenty-Volume Suicide Note (poetry)

10: Dutchman, and The Slave

A. Imamu Amiri Baraka

(Also accept Amiri Baraka or Everett LeRoi Jones)

8. Shinto is a unique religion, having no founder or established sacred text. Answer the following questions about Shinto for ten points each, and a five point bonus for both correct.

I. The sun goddess, sacred in Shinto, is said to be an ancestor of the Imperial family. For ten points, name her.

A. Amaterasu

II. The Shrine of Amaterasu is a national monument that draws worshippers from all over Japan. For ten points, name this shrine erected by the ruling family.

A. The Grand Shrine of Ise

9. (30 pts.) You've all heard of the "civilized tribes" and the Iroquois nations, but what about the "Three Fires" of the Algonquians residing in the Great Lakes region? You'll get ten points each, thirty total, for naming these three tribes.

A. Ojibwa (Or Chippewa), Ottawa, and Potowatomi

Recently, Crayola has added a number of new, moderately P.C. colors to its crayon repertoire. Prove that you're current events whiz, and name (for five points each), any six of the eight colors they discontinued this year.

A. Green-Blue, Orange-Red, Violet-Blue. Blue-Grey, Lemon-Yellow,
Raw-Umbra, Maize

10. Thirty, twenty, ten, name that monarch.

30: In 1589, his father's murder ended the line of Valois kings.

20. Some Catholics who had earlier formed the Catholic League, refused to recognize him. Unable to overcome their resistance militarily, he finally converted to Catholicism in 1593, saying "Paris is worth a mass".

10. This gained him the support needed to capture Paris in 1594, and he went on to issue the Edict of Nantes.

A. Henry IV of France

11. (25 pts) Given clues, Link song titles from the "Big 80's" :

First, for 10 points, A rocking hit by the Police and the only one by Stacey Q:

Synchronicity II of Hearts

For 15 more: The Escape Club's biggest hit, plus one by the Pet Shop Boys, and a redundantly-titled song by the pseudo-metal band Poison.

Wild, Wild West End Girls, Girls, Girls

13. (25 pts) It is characterized by the absence of a particular enzyme, with lipids accumulating in brain cells and nerves. Babies born healthy become blind and mentally retarded before dying an early death usually by the age of 4. First, for ten points, name this genetic disorder.

A. Tay-Sachs disease

Now, for another ten points each, name the two specific geographical/ethnic groups most often stricken with Tay-Sachs.

A. Eastern European Jews (or Ashkenazi(m) Jews), French-Canadians

14. (30 pts) New Guinea is a lush tropical island, and perhaps the only place more humid than Michigan in the summer. Answer these questions about the island to earn up to 30 points:

First, for 15 points, name the Indonesian province that makes up the island's western half:

A. Irian Jaya

Second, for another 15 points, name the island's highest point, the highest island peak in the world:

A. Puncak Jaya

15. (30 Pts.) Name the young violinists from the description, For fifteen points each:

First, this Englishman appears younger than he really is because of his punk hairdo and his unconventional style of play. His passionate version of "The Four Seasons" is a hit world wide.

A. Nigel _Kennedy_

Second, not yet 30 years old, he grew up near Indiana University's School of Music, and started classes there at the age of 14, while still attending high school. He's recorded works by Beethoven and Prokofiev, among others.

A. Joshua _Bell_

16. Name the political leader, 30-20-10:

30: Once so drunk during a political debate, he vomited and blamed his opponent, rather than the alcohol, for making him ill.

20: Only able to attend school until the age of 15, he passed the bar at 21, and later helped negotiate the "Alabama" claims for the UK in 1870.

10: Scottish-born, he was an Empire loyalist and was knighted by Queen Victoria, he became the first premier of Canada.

A. Sir John A. _MacDonald_

17. (25 points) Among this director's less well known films is "Mud Honey." He's better known, however, for a film which he and Roger Ebert collaborated on and the classic "Mondo Topless." First, for fifteen points, name him.

A. Russ _Meyer_

Now, for a final 10, name the movie which Roger Ebert wrote the screenplay for.

A. _Beyond the Valley of the Dolls_

18. (25 pts) Name the capital cities of some of the parts of the former Yugoslavia:

First, for 5 points, the capital of Croatia:

A. _Zagreb_

Second, for 10 points, the capital of Macedonia:

A. _Skopje_ (scope-ye)

Third, for 10 more points, the capital of Slovenia:

A. _Ljubjana_ (lyoob-yana)

19. Name the architect from the works, 30-20-10:

30: National Farmers Bank, Owatonna, Minnesota

20: "Golden Door", Transportation Pavillion, Chicago

10: Wainwright Building, St. Louis

A. Louis _Sullivan_

20. (20 pts) Name the performers after a description of their wild stage clothes, For ten points each:

He's worn bright ripcord suits, tatoood eyeliner, and an Afro back in the 1960's. You probably know him for his velvet capes and conk, though.

A. _James Brown_

He once performed wearing chicken-feet shaped boots, leopard skins, and a blond afro wig 5 feet in diameter--all at once! Name this man, despite similiarity in name, won't be confused with any current or historical policiticans.

A. _George Clinton_

21. (20 pts) Name the type of theatre from the description, For ten points each:

First, this is the most common form of stage--it consists of an arch bracketing the curtain wall facing the audience.

A. _Proscenium_ theatre

Second, This consists of a platform or floor in the center of a room. Audience members surround the stage by standing around the action (or sometimes becoming part of it), or they sit in bleacher seats around the center.

A. _Theatre-in-the-Round_

22. Name the author by the works, 30-20-10:

30: Short story "Blood and Water"

20: The novel "N.P."

10: The novel "Kitchen"

Banana _Yoshimoto_

23. Name the moderately trashy books from character on a ten-five basis, with thirty points possible.

10: Edgar Halcyon, Norman Neal Williams

5: Michael Tolliver, Mary Anne Singleton

A. _Tales of the City_

10: Urbana Sprawl, Mr. Orly

5: Erin Grant, Shad

A. _Striptease_

10: Lucky Buster, Oprah Winfrey, Barbie

5: April Turtle Grier, Taylor Grier

A. _Pigs in Heaven_

24. 30, 20, 10, name the unit of measurement.

30: It has been defined since 1893 as the resistance of a standard column of mercury

20: Since 1948 the standard has been defined in terms of the wave impedance of a vacuum.

10: When a steady current of 1 ampere flowing through a conductor produces a potential difference of 1 volt, the resistance of the conductor is this unit.

A. Ohm