

1) Critics of this organization, created in 1933, called it "a device for creating a huge patronage army loyal to the Democratic Party. The Federal Arts Project, Federal Writers' Project, and Federal Theater Project all fell under the umbrella of this organization. For ten points, name this New Deal organization dedicated to putting people back to work building bridges, airports, public buildings and parks.

Answer: WPA or Works Progress Administration

2) Shortly after completing an engineering education, he published his first novel, Poor Folk in 1846. Arrested in 1849 for membership in a secret political group, he was exiled to Siberia, an experience he recorded in The House of the Dead. FTP, name this Russian writer better known for the works The Idiot and The Brothers Karamazov.

Answer: Fyodor Dostovevsky

3) This cousin of Priam escaped Troy with his son Ascanius and his father Anchises but could not find his wife Creusa in the escape. He stopped in Thrace, Delos, and Sicily and was washed up on the African shore where he would meet Dido, queen of Carthage. For ten points, name this hero who would marry Lavinia, producing the kingdom that the Romans would form from.

Answer: Aeneas

4) Henry Kelsey, in the employ of the Hudson Bay Company, was the first white man to visit the land that would eventually become this province. Louis Riel led Metis Indians to seek self-government and the Northwest Rebellion in 1885 and it gained provincial status in 1905. For ten points, name this Canadian province whose capitol is Regina and largest city is Saskatoon.

Answer: Saskatchewan

5) This biologist received a Masters at Johns Hopkins University in 1932 and did postgraduate work at Woods Hole Marine Biological Laboratory. A deep interest in wildlife from childhood led to a long career with the U.S. Bureau of Fisheries. For ten points, name this pioneering environmentalist, author of The Sea Around Us, who brought worldwide attention to pollution with her 1962 book, Silent Spring.

Answer: Rachel Carson

6) His illustrations of his own works, works by Milton, and the Book of Job, are realistic in their representation of human anatomy but also radiantly imaginative, often depicting fanciful creatures in exacting detail. In his Prophetic Books, such as The Book of Thel, The Marriage of Heaven and Hell, Milton, and Jerusalem, he created his own mythology in which love, energy, and imagination vie with the forces of reductive rationalism and repression. FTP, identify this author of Songs of Innocence and Songs of Experience.

Answer: William Blake

7) This early 19th century senator and representative from Kentucky was a supporter of the Missouri Compromise, Compromise Tariff of 1833, and the Compromise of 1850. He acted as counsel for Aaron Burr in a Kentucky grand jury investigation of Burr's plan to establish an empire in the Southwest. A Jeffersonian Republican, he shared that leader's distaste for slavery and was an advocate of gradual emancipation in Kentucky, but he abandoned this idea when it proved a losing cause. For ten points, name this American statesman known as the Great Compromiser.

Answer: Henry Clay

8) He left his chair in physics in Prague to become the first professor of "inductive philosophy" at Vienna, where his emphasis on the empirical influenced Carnap, Russell and James and provoked a harsh 1909 attack from Lenin. But his work in physics is more enduring -- not so much the parts dealing with optics or rapid movement as the work in acoustics. FTP name this scientist, whose name is now associated with the speed of sound.

Answer: Ernst **Mach**

9) He began his career as an actor in summer stock and went into film work in 1930. An actor of rugged strength and sensitivity, he appeared in Cass Timberlane, Father of the Bride, The Last Hurrah, and as the only character in The Old Man and the Sea. His character portrayals won him Academy Awards for Captains Courageous and Boys Town. For ten points, name this actor who appeared with Katherine Hepburn in nine films, including Woman of the Year.

Answer: Spencer **Tracy**

10) His autobiography, entitled Memories, Dreams, Reflections was published in the same year as his death, 1961. He studied with Eugen Bleuler at the University of Zurich Psychiatric Institute and would later become a chairman there. Who was this Swiss psychiatrist who introduced terms such as collective unconscious, archetypes, and introvert and extrovert?

Answer: Carl **Jung**

11) The Mongols conquered the last branch of this dynasty, the sultanate of Rum, in 1243. They were originally a Turkish tribe, the Ghuzz, but converted to Islam in the 10th century and in the 11th century their leader named himself protector of the caliph. For ten points, give the name of this Turkish dynasty whose aggressiveness was one of the causes of the First Crusade.

Answer: The **Seljuk** Turks

12) Henry Goddard, a supporter of this concept of human evolution, founded the New Jersey Vineland Training School for Feeble-Minded Boys and Girls. Francis Galton started the English movement after looking back over his family tree and seeing the high level intelligence exhibited by most family members. Name this movement that states undesirable traits should be weeded out of the gene pool by selective breeding.

Answer: **Eugenics**

13) Born in Peru, Indiana, this American composer and lyricist is noted for his witty, sophisticated lyrics and affecting melodies. Night and Day, Begin the Beguine and Let's Do It are among his best-known songs. FTP, identify this man whose musicals included Kiss Me Kate and Can-Can.

Answer: Cole **Porter**

14) The ninth child of a handloom weaver, he studied English at Edinburgh University and became a regular book reviewer for The Scotsman newspaper. In 1886 he published his first novel Better Dead that was soon followed by When A Man's Single, My Lady Nicotine, and The Little Minister. FTP, identify this writer perhaps better known for the play "Peter Pan".

Answer: James Matthew **Barrie**

15) This type of reaction takes place in one step and requires a weakly basic leaving group. A polar aprotic solvent and a high concentration of a strong, nucleophilic Lewis base are both factors that increase the rate of this reaction. FTP, identify this type of substitution reaction which requires an unhindered substrate such as a methyl.

Answer: SN2 or Bimolecular Nucleophilic Substitution



16) Born in Lessines, he exhibited his works first in 1927. His works share many traits with other surrealists, yet his own style is termed magic realism. His *Madame Récamier de David* shows a coffin reclining rather than the woman found in one of Louis David's portraits. For ten points, name the painter whose works often feature blue skies with perfect clouds and bowler hats.

Answer: Rene Magritte

17) An example of this type of virus is the Rous sarcoma virus that caused cancer in chickens. The genome of the virus integrates itself in the host's DNA and then replicates itself. For ten points name this type of virus, another example of it is the HIV virus.

Answer: Retrovirus

18) Founded by north German towns and German merchant communities abroad, this organization was to protect their mutual trading interests. The group dominated commercial activity in northern Europe from the 13th to the 15th century. The organization attempted to protect its ship convoys and caravans by quelling pirates and brigands, and it fostered safe navigation by building lighthouses and training pilots. For ten points, name this group that declined during the 1600s due to powerful nation states forming along its borders.

Answer: The Hanseatic League, or Hansa

19) He served as an ambulance driver in France during WWI before being drafted into United States Army. His works include *Tulips and Chimneys*, *Tom*, and *Santa Claus: A Morality*. FTP, identify this artist, playwright, poet, and novelist whose works also include *The Enormous Room*.

Answer: e. e. cummings

20) His death in 1953, on the same day as Stalin, deprived him enjoying of the relaxation in musical censorship that then took place. After the Russian Revolution, he was given permission to travel abroad but, after staying in America and Paris, returned to Russia in 1936 to find himself out of favor with the authorities and the subject of direct censure. FTP, identify this composer of *Classical Symphony*, *War and Peace*, and *Peter and the Wolf*.

Ans: Sergey Prokofiev

21) This expression originated at jousting tournaments in the Middle Ages. Poorer knights who could not afford to clean their armor just painted it dark. If a wealthy knight were to unhorse a knight of substantially less financial means he would not keep his opponent's armor as customary. Instead he would make the defeated buy his armor back. For ten points, name this process, now euphemized by the word "entrapment".

ANSWER: blackmail

22) This river served as the border between the French and Spanish territories, Mexico, and the United States. Contained entirely within Texas and the Louisiana Coastal Plain, it flows through a dredged, navigable channel into the Gulf of Mexico. For ten points, name this river that serves as a modern day border to Texas and Louisiana.

Answer: Sabine River

23) According to Greek myth she and her son washed up on the shore of Seriphus where she would attract the eye of the king, Polydectes. When Perseus grew into a man Polydectes sent him away to slay the Gorgon Medusa, but he would return to free his mother. Name the daughter of Acrisus who was visited by Zeus in a shower of gold while locked away from any suitors.

Answer: Danae