

JHU – Just Hit Us (A) Tossup – Round 10

1. He was born in 1844 and was a naval officer, which might explain the nationalistic tone of his music. His first opus was a symphony, first conducted in December, 1865 by his mentor Balakirev. FTP, name this composer of the Russian Easter Overture and Scheherazade, who died in 1905.

Answer: Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov

2. In the 1930's he was a test pilot, a military reconnaissance pilot, and a reporter for Paris Soir. However, he is best known as a writer, whose protagonists, mostly pilots, pursue glorious yet perilous adventures. FTP, name this early 20th century French writer of "Night Flight", "Wind, Sands, and Stars", and "The Little Prince."

Answer: Antoine de Saint-Exupery

3. He came to the U.S. in 1948 and began theoretical research at Wright Patterson Air Force Base, one year after his invention began production in his native Britain. His 1928 invention was first used by the Germans and revolutionized aviation. FTP, name this independent co-inventor of the jet engine, who died recently in August.

Answer: Sir Frank Whittle

4. He was first a copy writer for an ad agency, but made his stage debut in 1934 as an extra in the King's Theatre. His initial screen role was as Herbert Pocket in "Great Expectations." FTP, name this Academy Award winning actor who you know as Prince Feisal from "Lawrence of Arabia" and Obi-wan Kenobi from "Star Wars."

Answer: Sir Alec Guinness

5. They lie within the Chatahoochie, Cherokee, Pisgah, and Jefferson National Forests, contain Mt. Rogers, Sassafras Mountain, Brasstown Bald, and Grandfather mountains, and are cut by the Roanoke, James and Potomac Rivers. FTP, name this segment of the Appalachians which contains the Black and Great Smoky Mts, and Shenandoah National Park.

Answer: Blue Ridge Mountains

6. It provided that the German-Belgian and Franco-German frontiers were sacred, that Germany and France would never attack each other unless in defense of their borders and that Britain would defend Belgium and France but not Poland and Czechoslovakia. FTP, name this 1925 series of agreements whereby the major European powers guaranteed peace in Western Europe, named for the Swiss town where it was signed.

Answer: Pact of Locarno

7. He was born in Little Rock in 1880, graduated from West Point in 1903 with a flawless record, and became superintendent of West Point in 1919. He was twice wounded in World War I, and became Army Chief of Staff in 1930. FTP, name this five star general who was stationed in the Philippines from 1922-30 and returned there in 1945.

Answer: Douglas MacArthur

8. The first American 911 emergency system is instituted in New York City. Solzhenitsyn's First Circle and Wolfe's The Electric Kool-Aid Acid Test are published. Mrs. Robinson is released, as are Hey, Jude and the first Led Zeppelin album. FTP, name this year in which the Tet offensive began on January 30.

Answer: 1968

9. For a quick ten points, what is the sum of all integers between 1 and 50?

Answer: 1275

10. This author was exiled to Siberia at age 28, and there experienced a great change in his life. Before, he had written The Double and White Nights, but his detention inspired The House of the Dead. For ten points, name this Russian author of The Idiot and Notes from the Underground.

Answer: Feodor Mikhailovich Dostoyevsky

11. In an interview on BBC, this man once said that the United States is "like Britain, only with buttons." He helped three of the most important artists of the 1960s and 1970s, but after his first musical career ended, he acted and painted. FTP, name this Liverpudlian, born Richard Starkey.

Answer: Ringo Starr

12. A ten carbon molecule which can be considered to be a hybrid of three Kekule' (ke koo LAY) structures, this aromatic compound is a primary component of moth balls. FTP, name this polycyclic benzenoid aromatic hydrocarbon, which is simply two benzene rings fused together.

Answer: naphthalene

13. Morris is an Australian novelist known for Children of the Shadows, The Devil's Advocate, and The Shoes of the Fisherman. Dame Rebecca wrote criticism of Henry James and St. Augustine. Anthony, her son by H. G. Wells, wrote Heritage and The Trend Is Up. Nathanael wrote black comedy and is best known for Miss Lonelyhearts and The Day of the Locust. FTP, give the common last name.

Answer: West

14. This word can refer to a short segment protruding from the main body of a chromosome by a constriction, a spectral line of low intensity with a frequency close to a stronger line, a political entity within the sphere of influence of a stronger power, a hired agent or servile follower, or the title of a Dave Matthews Band song. FTP, name this word, which commonly means one celestial body orbiting another of larger size.

Answer: satellite

15. He was imprisoned in 1918 for his radical pacifism, and later in life founded the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament and the Committee of 100. He wrote about his own religious beliefs in *Why I Am Not a Christian* and his intellectual history in *My Philosophical Development*. FTP, name this logician and 1950 Nobel laureate who co-wrote *Principia Mathematica* with Alfred North Whitehead.

Answer: Bertrand Russell

16. It was discovered in 1688 by the French explorer Jacques de Noyon. Modern-day Kenora, Ontario, the center of a tourist and resort area, is at its northern end. The Northwest Angle, which juts into it, was the result of an 1818 agreement that the US-Canadian border be drawn from its northwest point to the 49th parallel. FTP, name this lake, which includes the northernmost point in the contiguous 48 states.

Answer: Lake of the Woods

17. This monarch tried to ensure that his country had the opportunity to become literate, and is thought to have translated into Anglo-Saxon the Pastoral Care of Pope Gregory I, Boethius's *Consolation of Philosophy*, and possibly Bede's *Ecclesiastical History*. Though he was effective ruler only of Wessex and English Mercia, this son of Aethelwulf and brother of Aethelred was regarded as the protector of all the English living under Danish rule. FTP, name this English king from 871-899.

Answer: Alfred the Great

18. Dmitri Shostakovich's was viewed in its time as a reformed heterodoxist's tribute to Stalin, but is now seen as an anguished piece symbolizing the triumph of evil. Gustav Mahler's is a colossal 90-minute work which includes the famous "Adagietto" movement. Johannes Brahms died before he could write his. FTP, identify this two-word phrase, consisting of an ordinal number and a type of orchestral composition, usually associated with Beethoven's four- movement work in C minor.

Answer: Fifth Symphony

19. Its members expelled Max Pechstein in 1912 for exhibiting his work at an unsanctioned event, but the rest of the group was absorbed soon thereafter into the Blaue Reiter movement. Artists in this group admired the work of Albrecht Durer and imitated his woodcuts to achieve an angular style that expressed the angst and alienation of Europe's pre-World War I years. FTP, name this group, whose most famous member was Ernst Ludwig Kirchner.

Answer: Die Bruecke or The Bridge

20. According to A. E. Housman, this man died old, but that doesn't mean well. In 63 B.C., as the Roman army marched on his palace, he tried to poison himself, only to discover that his lifelong regimen of immunization, conceived of to avoid treachery, had worked too well. For ten points, name this famous king of Pontus.

Answer: Mithridates

21. One of only three non-French members of the "Workshop for Potential Literature", his legacy includes the novels "Invisible Cities" and "The Castle of Crossed Destinies" as well as the short stories that inspired for the 1996 comic crime film "Palookaville." For ten points, identify this Cuban-born Italian author of "Cosmicomics" and "If on a Winter's Night a Traveller."

Answer: Italo Calvino

22. This term is particularly associated with the Nixon administrations, and was manifested by attempts to increase mutual trade and cultural exchanges, along with limiting the arms race. FTP, name this term, which refers to the easing of tensions between the United States and Soviet Union during the Cold War, and which comes from the French for "relaxation."

Answer: detente

JHU – Just Hit Us (A) Bonuses – Round 10

1. Honorary United States citizenship has been conferred on only five individuals. Two of those, William and Hannah Penn, were dead before the U.S. even existed. Identify the other three from clues.

a) This Albanian native and Nobel Prize winner currently works in Asia.

Answer: Mother Teresa of Calcutta

b) Another Nobel laureate, he won the Literature prize for his histories of World War II and of the English-speaking peoples.

Answer: Sir Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill

c) A Swedish businessman and diplomat, he saved the lives of thousands of Hungarian Jews during World War II but was imprisoned by the Soviet occupational forces and never heard from again.

Answer: Raoul Wallenberg

2. It's time to play "Where in Hell is Carmen Sandiego?" Answer these questions about Dantesque geography for the stated number of points.

a. Our fearless detectives follow Carmen into the first circle of Hell, reserved for virtuous pagans and the unbaptized, which is known, for five points, by what five-letter name?

Answer: Limbo

b. Our hardy hawkshaws pursue Carmen into the sixth circle and enter, for ten points, what City of Hell?

Answer: Dis

c. Our intrepid gumshoes finally catch Carmen at the very center of the earth, where she is paying a visit to three of her friends on the Inside as a three-headed demon gnaws on their heads for eternity. For five points each, who are these lucky guys?

Answers: Marcus Junius Brutus, Caius Cassius Longinus, Judas Iscariot.

3. Answer the following questions concerning Sherlock Holmes.

a) F5P, give the full London address out of which he and Dr. Watson worked.

Answer: 221B Baker Street

b) FTP Holmes made his first appearance in this 1887 story.

Answer: A Study in Scarlet

c) For fifteen points, Holmes was famously ignorant of the theories of this Renaissance scientist, claiming that they were irrelevant to his work.

Answer: Nicolaus Copernicus

4. Answer these questions about Faulkner's monumental novel, "The Sound and the Fury" for the stated number of points each.

a. First, for five points each, name any two of the three Compson sons who narrate the first three parts of "The Sound and the Fury."

Answers: Benjy, Quentin, and Jason

b. Secondly, for ten points, name the illegitimate daughter of Caddy Compson whose rebellious nature is inherited from her mother.

Answer: Quentin (or Ms. Quentin)

c. Finally, for ten points, name the Compson's maid, who restores order on Easter Sunday to an otherwise chaotic household.

Answer: Dilsey

5. 30-20-10: Name the historical figure

30: His friends included Marsilio Ficino, Pico della Mirandola, and Politan, who saved his life on the day of the Pozzi Conspiracy

20: He was one of the great Italian poets of the 15th century, and fostered Botticelli and Verroccio. He brought Michaelangelo up in his palace like a son.

10: He was "The Magnificent" ruler of Florence from 1469-92.

Answer: Lorenzo de' Medici

6. Answer the following questions on matrix operations for ten points each. Matrices will be read by row, left to right and down.

a. What is the two-by-two identity matrix?

Answer: 1, 0, 0, 1

b. What is the determinant of the two-by-two matrix: two, three, four, five?

Answer: -2

c. What is the determinant of a square matrix with no multiplicative inverse?

Answer: 0

7. For ten points each, given the description, identify the landmark Supreme Court cases from the 1970's.

a. First, identify the 1972 case which ruled that the death penalty was unconstitutional.

Answer: Furman v. Georgia

b. Secondly, identify the 1978 case which ruled that racial quotas for admittance into medical school violated the 14 amendment.

Answer: Regents of the University of California v. Bakke

c. Finally, identify the 1976 case which overturned Furman v. Georgia and reinstated the death penalty.

Answer: Gregg v. Georgia

8. For five points each, five more for all correct, identify these inventors and scientists in the National Inventor's Hall of Fame given the official description of their inventions in the Hall of Fame.

a. Improvement in India-Rubber Fabrics

a) Charles Goodyear

b. Transmitting Electric Signals

b) Guglielmo Marconi

c. Helicopter Controls

c) Igor Sikorsky

d. Brewing Beer and Ale

d) Louis Pasteur

e. Neutronic Reactor

e) Enrico Fermi

9. 30-20-10: Name the year from the events in United States History

30: The Department of Agriculture is established as a cabinet by Congress; Jefferson Davis dies in New Orleans.

20: Johnstown, PA is flooded; South Dakota, North Dakota, and Montana are admitted as states to the Union.

10: Benjamin Harrison is inaugurated as president.

Answer: 1889

10. Everyone knows Henry VIII had quite a few wives. For ten points each, identify these wives from a description.

a. His first wife, the widow of Arthur and mother of Mary.

Answer: Catherine of Aragon

b. His third wife, whom he married in 1537, and the mother of Edward VI.

Answer: Jane Seymour

c. His last wife.

Answer: Catherine Parr

11. Identify the author by works- 30-20-10.
30: Deadeye Dick
20: Welcome to the Monkey House
10: Hocus Pocus

Answer: Kurt Vonnegut, Jr.

12. For five points each, arrange these six atomic elements in terms of increasing atomic number: Actinium, Fluorine, Cesium, Oxygen, Silver, and Vanadium

Answer: Oxygen, Fluorine, Vanadium, Silver, Cesium, Actinium

13. For ten points each, identify these places, whose names all begin with the letter Q.

- a. These islands in the northern part of Canada include the North Magnetic Pole.

Answer: Queen Elizabeth Islands

- b. One of the several areas in Antarctica, it borders on the Weddell Sea and Atlantic Ocean.

Answer: Queen Maud Land

- c. This city on the island of Luzon is next to Manila and was the capital of the Philippines until 1976.

Answer: Quezon City

14. For ten points each, identify the French house to which each of the following kings belonged.

- a. Saint Louis IX

Answer: Capet or Capetian

- b. Henry IV, of Navarre

Answer: Bourbon

- c. John I, the Posthumous

Answer: Capet or Capetian

15. For fifteen points each, identify the modern computer languages given a description.

- a. Created by Larry Wall, this language incorporates items from C, UNIX, and the UNIX programs "sed" (pronounced "said") and "awk" (pronounced as in h"awk").

Answer: PERL

- b. This language was designed by Dr. John Ousterhout (OH'-stir-howt) from the University of California, Berkeley. It is a simple textual language and typically includes an important toolkit.

Answer: TCL (pronounced "tickle") or TCL/TK (stands for "Tool Control Language / Tool Kit")

16. Answer these questions about the Holy Roman Emperor Joseph II.

- a. For five points each, name both of his parents.

Answer: Francis I and Maria Theresa

- b. For ten points, the group of 18th century anti-mercantilist economists whose ideas influenced imperial policy. They believed that land was the source of all wealth, and their most famous proponent was Quesnay.

Answer: physiocrats

- c. For a final ten, name his and his mother's principal minister, who mediated the breach between them.

Answer: Prince Kaunitz

17. For ten points each, identify the American artists from a representative work.

- a. Watson and the Shark

Answer: John Singleton Copley

- b. Christina's World

Answer: Andrew Wyeth

- c. Snapping the Whip

Answer: Winslow Homer

