

Round VI

tossups

1) Should there be a Wessell Mania V in November of 1993, this man will be able to attend, his release date having been moved up from September of 1995. For 10 points, who is this Florida criminal, convicted in January of 1989 of driving through a crowd of school children while intoxicated, a conviction which cut short a promising Olympic diving career?

Bruce Kimball

2) His first successes were "The Lodger", based on the Jack the Ripper murders, and "Blackmail", Britain's first sound film. He became an American citizen in 1955, where he made perhaps his best films, such as "Shadow of a Doubt", "Strangers on a Train", and "The Man Who Knew Too Much". For 10 points, who is this director, perhaps the foremost master of the macabre?

Alfred Hitchcock

3) In 1899, Congressman William Duncan Vandiver spoke before a group in Philadelphia. His speech included the following excerpt: "frothy eloquence neither convinces nor satisfies me." At that point, he told the group his home state, and demanded more proof of whatever point he was questioning. For 10 points, what state was Vandiver from, if he claimed "You have got to show me."?

Missouri

4) Cheap and versatile, it's used in the conversion of wood pulp to either paper or rayon, it's a common ingredient in drain cleaners, and it's the active ingredient in the Mercerizing process for cotton. It also splits fat molecules into glycerol and fatty acids. For 10 points, name this strong base, commonly called lye.

sodium hydroxide or OH

5) "In the three short decades between now and the twenty-first century, millions of ordinary, psychologically normal people will face an abrupt collision with the future. Citizens of the world's richest and most technologically advanced nations, many of them will find it increasingly painful to keep up with the incessant demand for change that characterizes our time." This is, for 10 points, the opening passage from what 1970 book?

Future Shock

6) The younger, a graduate of U. Michigan, was killed in prison. The older, a graduate of U. Chicago, spent his 33 years in prison studying 37 different languages. For 10 points, who were these inmates, whose sentences were due to the "perfect murder" of Bobby Franks?

Leopold & Loeb

7) Like Darwin, his medical training was of no avail because he couldn't stand the sight of blood. Instead, he became a science reporter, earning the hostility of such noted scientists as Leverrier. Switching to physics, he collaborated for a time with Fizeau in trying to measure the speed of light. For 10 points, name this Frenchman, whose best-known contribution was to establish the rotation of the earth by means of a pendulum?

Jean Bernard Leon Foucault

8) Acclaimed as an educator, her works for children are collected in Crickets and Frogs: A Fable. But it is her poetry for which she is known world-wide. She donated the proceeds of Tala to the relief of Basque children orphaned in the Spanish Civil War. For 10 points, who was this author and educator, the first female poet and the first Latin American to win the Nobel Prize in Literature?

Gabriela Mistral (acc. Lucila Alcayaga)

9) Instituted in 27 BC by Augustus, it consisted of nine divisions, or cohorts, of 500 men each, under the command of a prefect. Its members enjoyed many privileges, but it eventually became an unsavory element in Rome, deposing and elevating emperors at will, until its abolition in 312. For 10 points, what was this ancient Roman bodyguard?

Praetorian Guard

10) Valenciennes, Mechlin, Guipure, Point d'Angleterre, Alençon, Venetian, Argentan, Maltese, and, of course, the one made famous by the Big Bopper and Jerry Lee Lewis, Chantilly. For 10 points, what are all these different kinds of?

lace

11) It is composed of an international staff of some 25,000 men and women from over 150 countries. Among its many responsibilities are administering peacekeeping operations, organizing international conferences, and providing the international media with information about the UN. For 10 points, name this administrative body, which administers the programs and policies of the UN.

Secretariat

12) William was more precise, while Charles was the more sociable, but they both took great pains to share their fame and even died in the same year, 1939. The Democrats tried unsuccessfully to persuade William in 1920 and Charles in 1924 to run for governor of Minnesota. For 10 points, name these brothers who bequeathed their substantial fortunes to continue their medical excellence in Rochester, Minnesota?

the Mayo brothers

13) Her own plays are not extremely popular and include The Rising of the Moon, Spreading the News, and The Workhouse Wards, all written between 1904 and 1908. But perhaps her most important work came in exposing others to the works of Yeats, Synge, and O'Casey. For 10 points, who was this Irish playwright, who assisted the development of the Abbey Theatre?

Lady Augusta Gregory

14) It is possible, though not easy, to visualize a solid figure with 6 six faces, all of which are parallelograms. For 10 points, what is such a figure called, the simplest example of which is a cube?

parallelopiped

15) The collection is ingenious and skillfully narrated, with perhaps the best story being "Monk", which deals with an idiot who is imprisoned for a murder he did not commit and who finally is incited to kill the warden who has befriended him. For 10 points, what is this 1939 story collection by William Faulkner in which Gavin Stevens, the county attorney, ferrets out the real culprits and saves the innocent?

"Knight's Gambit"

16) Born in 1480 to a Spanish cardinal and his Roman mistress, when her father became pope in 1492, she was forced into five politically motivated marriages before she was 22 years old. When her dad, Pope Alexander VI, died in 1503, she went on to become a patron of the arts, counting Titian among her beneficiaries. For 10 points, name this woman with a sinister reputation.

Lucrezia Borgia

17) This Spanish dance in 3/4 or 3/8 time derives its name from the Spanish word for "to fly". It is the most balletic of the Spanish dances as demonstrated by Maurice Ravel in 1928. For 10 points, name this dance, also associated, though somewhat loosely, with Bo Derek.

bolero

18) The first reigned from 590-604, the 16th and last from 1831-1846. Four, the first, second, third, and seventh, were canonized; the tenth was called "the Blessed"; the first was called "the Great". The first left an indelible mark on music; the eleventh founded the system of seminaries to train Roman Catholic priests and founded a time schedule still in use. For 10 points, what name did all these popes share?

Gregory

19) He amassed a fortune in stock speculation, the motion picture industry, and liquor importing during the 20's and 30's. An active supporter of FDR, he became the first chairman of the SEC and ambassador to Great Britain. After WWII, he bought Chicago's Merchandise Mart, the world's largest commercial building. For 10 points, who was this financier and political patriarch?

Joseph P. Kennedy

20) If you're an assistant football coach at Northwestern, it helps to have other job prospects to fall back on. In the case of this man, it was his father's shipbuilding business, which ironically has fallen on hard times. For 10 points, name this convicted felon and US Olympic Committee member in whose honor New Yorkers dubbed July 30, 1990 V-S Day.

George Steinbrenner

bonuses

1) (30 points) Travels with Charlie - chapter 6. Charlie has never been to Sarajevo or the Ambassador Hotel in LA, but he has visited these assassination sites:

a) For 5 points, name the recently-restored building in Washington, DC where Booth shot Lincoln. **Ford's Theatre**

b) For 10 points, name the small open area in Dallas bordered by such lovely landmarks as the Texas School Book Depository and the grassy knoll. **Dealey Plaza**

c) For 15 points, name the motel in Memphis which languished for years after King's assassination there, but is newly refurbished as a memorial.
the Lorraine Motel

2) (25 points) Identify these brand-name over-the-counter drugs from information found in the Physicians' Desk Reference, 5 points each.

a) Manufacturer: McNeil Labs. Ingredient: Acetaminophen. Acts as an analgesic and antipyretic. **Tylenol**

b) Manufacturer: Miles Labs. Ingredients: Sodium bicarbonate, citric acid, and potassium bicarbonate. Neutralizes gastric acid. **Alka-Seltzer**

c) Manufacturer: Pharmcraft. Ingredients: Zinc undecylenate and p-chloro-m-xyleneol. An antifungal and antibacterial designed for the relief and prevention of tinea cruris and other rashes or irritations. **Cruex**

d) Manufacturer: Searle. Ingredient: Dimenhydrinate. Although exactly how it combats motion sickness is not fully understood, it has a depressant action on the hyperstimulated labyrinthine function. **Dramamine**

e) Manufacturer: Searle. Ingredients: Psyllium hydrophilic mucilloid and dextrose. A nonirritating laxative which can also reduce appetite - or as Dudley Moore says, it helps you go to the bathroom. **Metamucil**

3) (30 points) How well do you know the locations of the 25 brightest stars? I will name one of these bright stars, and you'll earn 10 points if you can tell which constellation it's in. If not, you'll get another chance with a brighter and more well-known star in the same constellation for 5 points.

a) 10) Elnath -- 25th brightest

5) Aldebaran -- 13th brightest

Taurus

b) 10) Shaula -- 23rd brightest

5) Antares -- 15th brightest

Scorpius

c) 10) Adhara -- 22nd brightest

5) Sirius -- brightest

Canis Major

4) (25 points) Assuming you consider the Soviet Union as part of Europe, only 3 Asian writers have been awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature. For 5 points each, and a 10 point bonus for all 3, name them.

Shmuel Agnon, Rabindranath Tagore, Yasunari Kawabata

5) (30 points) We all know that the Great Pyramid is the only remaining of the 7 wonders of the Ancient World, and it's probably still in Egypt. But for 5 points each, if these other wonders were still around, in what country would they be?

a) the Olympian Zeus

Greece

b) the Hanging Gardens of Babylon

Iraq

c) the Colossus of Rhodes

Greece

d) the Tower of Pharos

Egypt

e) the Temple of Artemis of Ephesus

Turkey

f) the Mausoleum of Halicarnassus

Turkey

- 6) (30 points) 30-20-10, name this person from a list of quotes about him.
 30) F. E. Smith said he "has devoted the best years of his life to preparing his impromptu speeches."
 20) Evelyn Waugh called him "simply a radio personality who outlived his prime."
 10) On his 80th birthday, he said of himself, "The nation had the lion's heart. I had the luck to give the roar."

Winston Churchill

- 7) (30 points) 30-20-10, name this composer from a list of works.
 30) Stage-spectacles "The Prophetess, or the History of Dioclesian" and "King Arthur, or The British Worthy".
 20) Choral works "Ode on St. Cecilia's Day" and "Queen Mary's Funeral Music".
 10) The opera "Dido and Aeneas".

Henry Purcell

- 8) (30 points) 30-20-10, name this work of literature given coincidences that occur in it.
 30) Miss Pross just happens to bump into her brother Solomon, who is a spy using the name John Barsad.
 20) Madame Defarge just happens to be the sister of the woman Dr. Manette treated just before he was sent to prison.
 10) Sydney Carton just happens to look enough like Charles Darnay that he can go to the guillotine for him.

A Tale of Two Cities

- 9) (30 points) Place these distinctive natural disasters in chronological order, 5 points each and a 5 point bonus for all correct: the great influenza epidemic, the eruption of Krakatoa, the mysterious explosion that leveled 25 square acres of forest in Siberia, the Great Kanto earthquake that virtually wiped out Tokyo, and the White Hurricane -- a March blizzard that buried New York City under 20 inches of snow.

Krakatoa, blizzard, Siberia, influenza, earthquake

1883 1888 1908 1918 1923

- 10) (20 points) He was part of the local color movement of the late 19th century and a master of the various dialects of his native New Orleans. His first literary success, Old Creole Days, was a collection of stories to which he later added Madame Delphine. His argument for better treatment of blacks and for prison reform increased the animosity of the Creoles, whereupon he moved to Massachusetts. For 20 points, who was this author, most famous for The Grandissimes?

George Washington Cable

- 11) (25 points) On October 19, the United Auto Workers and General Motors signed a new 3-year contract, which was approved overwhelmingly by the rank and file. 10 points for one, 25 for both, name:

- a) the current president of the UAW **Owen Bieber**
 b) the new chairman of GM **Robert Stempel**

12) (20 points) For 10 points each, answer these questions about the Italian painter Giotto.

a) Perhaps his greatest accomplishment was the series of frescoes painted inside the Scrovegni Chapel, which depict deep human emotions and which include The Descent from the Cross. Where? **Padua**

b) His last great surviving works are also frescoes, in the Bardi and Peruzzi chapels, in the same city as his Ognissanti Madonna in the Church of the Ognissanti. What city? **Florence**

13) (20 points) For 5 points each, answer these questions about Louisiana's favorite family, the Longs.

a) Which served in the US Senate starting in 1948 and became chairman of the Finance Committee in 1966? **Russell**

b) Which was a dentist who represented a rural Louisiana district in the US House from 1953 until his death in 1958? **George**

c) Which was shot and killed by Carl A. Weiss? **Huey**

d) Which was elected to the US House of Representatives 10 days before his death? **Earl**

14) (20 points) Known as US 30 for most of its length, it stretched 3,385 miles from New York City to San Francisco. Construction began in 1914, after Carl G. Fisher had the idea of an intercontinental highway and the automobile industry raised the money. For 20 points, what is this highway, often called the Main Street of the United States?

Lincoln Highway

15) (20 points) Noted for his factual studies of national income, economic growth, and business cycles, one of his most important contributions has been the method of drawing conclusions from a combination of facts and theory. His National Income and Its Composition 1919-1938 was a pioneering study which helped develop accounting methods for national income. For 20 points, who is this economist, winner of the 1971 Nobel Prize?

Simon Kuznets

16) (30 points) Well, Ben's received more subversive literature from the Science Fiction Book Club, begging him to send in his one dollar, plus shipping and handling, for his choice of six masterpieces of science fiction. Needing a few more questions, and determined to make the most of junk mail, he decides to ask you to name the author, given one of these sci-fi works, 5 pts. each.

a) The Renegades of Pern **Anne McCaffrey**

b) Rusalka **C. J. Cherryh**

c) Nemesis **Isaac Asimov**

d) The Fortress of the Pearl **Michael Moorcock**

e) Knight of Shadows **Roger Zelazny**

f) Earthclan **David Brin**

17) (20 points) Chuck Noll, Bill Walsh, and Tom Landry are well-known football coaches who have all won the Super Bowl. But not all Super Bowl coaches are that famous. For 5 points each, given the Super Bowl and the team, name the coach of the winners.

a) Super Bowl III, New York Jets **Weeb Ewbank**

b) Super Bowl XV, Oakland Raiders **Tom Flores**

c) Super Bowl V, Baltimore Colts **Don McCafferty**

d) Super Bowl IV, Kansas City Chiefs **Hank Stram**

18) (25 points) Although he was in China from 1862-1864 as a Catholic missionary, he was more successful moonlighting for the National Museum for Natural History back in Paris. His expeditions gathered a host of plant and animal specimens previously unknown to Western science, notably the giant panda. For 25 points, name this French friar by whose name we now know an animal, also called the milu, which had been extinct in the wild for centuries before he found them in a royal game park.

Pere Armand David

19) (25 points) Don't you ever wonder whether humor played any part in the selection of patron saints? 5 points each, given a field, name the saint.

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| a) Broadcasters | the Archangel Gabriel |
| b) Funeral directors | Joseph of Arimathea |
| c) Dancers | Vitus |
| d) Skiers | Bernard |
| e) Pawnbrokers | Nicholas |

20) (25 points) Born in 1864 in Soviet Georgia, he researched the Caucasian linguistics and history. Eventually, he developed a Marxist-inspired theory of linguistics, that language was based on socioeconomic factors and that the vocabularies of all known languages derived from 4 primordial roots. For 25 points, who was this linguist, who set back Soviet linguistics over 20 years?

Nikolai Marr