

Round VII

Wesselman 1990

Wesselman 2

RIP 11-4/96

JV

2000 Sa

tossups

1) "A Witness Tree", "A Further Range", "Collected Poems", and "New Hampshire: A Poem with Notes and Grace Notes". These are the poems selected in 1943, 1937, 1931, and 1924 for the Pulitzer Prizes in poetry, and all were, for 10 points, written by what American poet?

Robert Frost

2) The son of Apollo and Coronis, he was raised by the centaur Chiron after his father killed his unfaithful mother. He was killed by Zeus' thunderbolt after raising the dead, but he would live forever, as hundreds of years after his death, the infirm made pilgrimages to his temples, praying for his appearance in their dreams. For 10 points, who was this Greek god, often symbolized by a serpent coiled around a staff?

Asclepius

3) To find the approximate area under a curve, divide it into pairs of vertical columns of equal width. Each pair of columns is bounded by the vertical lines from the x-axis to corresponding points on the curve and at the top by a parabola that goes through these three points, thus approximating the curve. For 10 points, whose rule is this, NOT named after anybody on a Matt Groening animated show?

Simpson's Rule

4) After his death in July of 1989, he was honored in the Hollywood trade papers with a simple advertisement: several of his best friends were shown standing, heads bowed and eyes closed, behind an empty, spotlighted microphone. For 10 points, who was this Hollywood legend, whose life is chronicled in the autobiography That's Not All Folks!?

Mel Blanc

5) It's official name is 's Gravenhage (skrah-vun-HAH-kuh), which translates as "the count's hedge". The Permanent Court of Arbitration meets there, in the Palace of Peace which was funded by Andrew Carnegie. For 10 points, what is this city, which houses Willems Park and a monument to Dutch independence?

The Hague

6) A member of the pea family, *Pueraria lobata*, its fragrant reddish purple flowers resemble those of garden beans, and the nitrogen-fixing bacteria on its roots help enrich soil. Cultivated in Asia for its edible, starchy roots and for the fiber obtained from its stems, it was first brought to the US in 1895 as an ornamental plant and was later used to prevent erosion and as a fodder crop. For 10 points, name this fast-growing vine, which shares its name with a comic strip drawn by Jeff MacNelly?

Kudzu

7) In mechanical engineering, it is a device with a high mass attached to a rotating shaft, serving to smooth out the delivery of an engine's torque. It may also be used to store energy in certain industrial operations, such as forging, where high power is used only sparsely, and to provide standby or emergency power. For 10 points, name this device which dates to the 12th century.

flywheel

8) In 1946 he and several of his former students formed The Architects Collaborative, which designed the Graduate Center at Harvard in 1949 and 50 as its first project and went on to design the Pan Am Building in New York City, the United States Embassy in Athens, the Kennedy Federal Building in Boston, and the Rosenthal China Factory in Selb, Germany. For 10 points, who was this German architect, who was Harvard's chairman of the Graduate School of Design from 1938 to 1952?

Walter Gropius

9) Though not the highest figure in the department of Justice, the position is still very important. While the attorney general gives legal advice to the president, this person represents the US in court cases, especially before the Supreme Court. For 10 points, what is this position, currently held by Kenneth Starr?

Solicitor General

10) Western Electric management was curious as to what would encourage their workers to increase output. So prior to World War II, they sent Elton Mayo to a certain plant, where he was to observe a group of workers. Mayo discovered that whatever he did improved productivity, indicating that the workers wanted to put on a good face for their observer. For 10 points, what is this effect now called, after that plant?

Hawthorne effect

Half

11) As early as the 15th century, the French used this word as a synonym for vagabond or gypsy. Balzac defined them as "young people, all of whom are between twenty and thirty years of age, all men of genius in their own lines, as yet unknown." For 10 points, give this word used to describe poor artists who need not live in Czechoslovakia.

bohemian

12) It was composed between 1906 and 1907, but was banned throughout the composer's life for its satire of autocracy. The indefensible habit of referring to it by its French title arose from the production by Diaghilev in Paris in 1914. For 10 points, what is this opera by Rimsky-Korsakov to a libretto by Belsky after Pushkin's poem?

The Golden Cockerel

(accept "Zolotoy petushok" or, grudgingly, "Le Coq d'or")

13) The Bureau of Education was formed; Austria and Hungary united into Austria-Hungary; the first practical typewriter was developed; Emperor Maximilian of Mexico was executed; Britain created the Dominion of Canada; Nebraska entered the union; Alfred Nobel invented dynamite; and Alaska was purchased from Russia under President Johnson. For 10 points, all these events took place in what year?

1867

14) The ancient Egyptians used its trisulfide for eyebrow pencils, but we use it for safety matches. Another use for it is in an alloy with tin and lead, called type metal. Luckily, its explosive allotrope doesn't occur naturally. For 10 points, name this element, which with hydrogen forms the poisonous compound stibine, and whose atomic number is 51.

antimony

15) While most cities were quiet on October 30, one American city was in the midst of Devil's Night, a night in which traditionally several fires are started, causing thousands of dollars damage. For 10 points, what city was this, which tried to stop the carnage with a 6 pm to 6 am curfew by order of mayor Coleman Young?

Detroit

16) The European Economic Community has gone so far as to proclaim an anthem for itself. For 10 points, what is this piece, taken from Beethoven's 9th Symphony?

Ode to Joy or Jesu, Joy of Man's Desiring

17) 26 of his short stories were published in three volumes, Eyes of a Blue Dog, Big Mama's Funeral, and The Incredible and Sad Tale of Innocent Eréndira and Her Heartless Grandmother. For 10 points, who is this master of magic realism, whose short stories and novels won him the 1982 Nobel Prize in Literature?

Gabriel Garcia Marquez

18) "It is a melancholy object to those who walk through this great town or travel in the country, when they see the streets, the roads, and cabin doors, crowded with beggars of the female sex, followed by three, four, or six children, all in rags and importuning every passenger for an alms." Thus begins, for 10 points, what brilliant 1729 essay by Jonathan Swift?

A Modest Proposal

19) Founded by Robert Welch in 1958, it was named after a Baptist missionary and WWII Army Air Forces officer who was shot by the Chinese in 1945. In behalf of its goals to "promote less government, more responsibility, and a better world", it once called for the impeachment of Chief Justice Earl Warren and continues to urge ending of US membership in the United Nations. For 10 points, what is this society, which publishes the monthly American Opinion?

John Birch Society

20) Kansas City A's, 1967; Oakland A's, 68-75; Baltimore Orioles, 76; NY Yankees, 77-81; California Angels, 82-87. For 10 points, these are the stops along the way to the Hall of Fame for what 4-time homerun champ?

Reggie Jackson

bonuses

1) (30 points) Travels with Charlie -- chapter 7. Identify this city which Charlie claims to have visited, 30-20-10.

30) The first US steam warship to be driven by a screw propellor was named for it. The ship is best remembered for an unplanned gun explosion while Pres. Tyler was aboard. Tyler was unharmed, but both his future father-in-law and his Secretary of War were killed.

20) The Continental Congress met there from June 1783, when they fled Philadelphia, until their adjournment in November.

10) The town shares its name with its best known institution, the alma mater of Vice Presidents Aaron Burr and George Dallas, as well as Presidents Madison and Wilson.

Princeton

2) (25 points) Of the 25 brightest stars in the heavens, three of them are in one constellation, Orion. For 5 points each, what are these three bright stars? For an additional 10 points, put them in order of decreasing brightness.

in order: **Rigel, Betelgeuse, Bellatrix**

3) (25 points) 25-15-10, name this actor from a list of films.

25) "Loving You", "Flaming Star", and "Frankie and Johnny"

15) "Stay Away Joe", "Follow that Dream", and "Change of Habit"

10) "King Creole", "Speedway", and "G. I. Blues"

Elvis Presley (acc: Elvis, the King, etc.)

4) (25 points) For 5 points each, name these individuals, whose only common thread is that their accomplishments are listed under "Miscellaneous" in Vernoff and Shore's International Dictionary of 20th Century Biography.

a) One of the cofounders of Alcoholics Anonymous, his life is detailed in the made-for-TV movie, "My Name is Bill W."

Bill Wilson

b) A 97-pound weakling as a youth, he devised a system of muscle building called dynamic tension.

Charles Atlas (accept Siciliano)

c) After meeting Lord Baden-Powell, founder of the Boy Scouts, she became interested in its counterpart and brought the Girl Scouts to America.

Juliette Low

d) An adventurer and author, he retraced Ulysses' journey of the Odyssey, Cortez' route in Mexico, Balboa's march across Darien, and Hannibal's trek through the Alps. He climbed the Matterhorn and Olympus and swam the Hellespont and the Panama Canal, detailing these trips in works like The Flying Carpet and New Worlds to Conquer.

Richard Halliburton

e) He treated over 30,000 patients by faith healing, he also founded the Association for Research and Enlightenment.

Edgar Cayce

5) (25 points) As you know, three elements have been named after planets. But you may not have realized that 2 elements were named after asteroids in honor of their recent discoveries. 10 points for one, 25 for both, name those two elements.

cerium & palladium

6) (30 points) 30-20-10, name this man.

30) In 1928, he made his debut in the United States with the New York Philharmonic Orchestra. He remained here and, five years later, married Arturo Toscanini's daughter.

20) An illness forced his retirement between 1936 and 1940, and then from 1953 to 1965 he performed only for recordings.

10) An accomplished pianist and master of Mozart's piano pieces, he returned home to the Soviet Union not too long ago for a series of concerts.

Vladimir Horowitz

7) (30 points) 30-20-10, OK, how about naming this Shakespearean play from a list of quotes.

30) "As I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion bequeathed me by will but poor a thousand crowns, and, as thou sayest, charged my brother on his blessing, to breed me well: and there begins my sadness."

20) "The retort courteous...the quip modest...the reply churlish...the reproof valiant...the countercheck quarrelsome ...the lie circumstantial...the lie direct."

10) "All the world's a stage, and all the men and women merely players...."

As You Like It

8) (30 points) 30-20-10, name this man.

30) Born illegitimately in North Wales in 1841, he became a US citizen in 1885. In 1892 he was renaturalized as a British subject, and from 1895 to 1900 he served as a Member of Parliament.

20) In 1887-88, he led an expedition to rescue the governor of the Equatoria province of Egyptian Sudan, who was besieged by Mahdists. When the governor refused to evacuate, he took the expedition to the east coast of Africa instead.

10) His best-known expedition took 2 years and was bankrolled by James Gordon Bennett, owner of the New York Herald.

Henry M. Stanley

9) (25 points) His religious paintings are treated in exactly the same spirit as his more festive works, and he also painted portraits and a number of works in which only a few figures are depicted. More significant than his contemporaries such as Metsu or Ter Borch, he shows himself a master of irony, as well as of picturesque and popular realism. For 25 points, who was this 17th century Dutch painter of such works as "Bad Company" and "As the Old Ones Sing, the Little Ones Twitter"?

Jan Steen

10) (20 points) So, can you keep your Portuguese explorers straight? Oh, yeah? Prove it. 5 points each, what explorer:

a) reached India in 1498?

Vasco da Gama

b) was blown off course and reached Brazil in 1500?

Pedro Alvares Cabral

c) rounded the Cape of Good Hope in 1488? **Bartolomeo Diaz**

d) bit the dust in the Philippines while on the Spanish payroll?

Ferdinand Magellan

11) (30 points) This bonus asks you to name the Greek dramatist based on his extant works. If you can name the playwright strictly on the number of extant dramas, you'll get 10 points; if you need titles, you'll get 5 points.

- a) 10) 19 extant plays
5) The Bacchae, Electra, and Iphigenia in Tauris **Euripides**
- b) 10) 7 extant plays
5) Ajax, Antigone, and Electra **Sophocles**
- c) 10) 11 extant plays
5) The Clouds, The Wasps, and The Frogs **Aristophanes**

12) (20 points) Perhaps the rarest occurrence in professional hockey is the empty net goal scored by the goalie from the opposite end of the ice. This has only happened twice in NHL history, both times scored by a ~~long-time~~ Philadelphia Flyers goalie. For 20 points, who is this hockey player, the only goalie ever to score a goal?

Ron Hextall

13) (20 points) Over the course of industrialization in the United States and elsewhere, many terms have been developed to describe different things. For 5 points each, what terms are given to these situations:

- a) the practice of making an employer pay for workers who do little or no work?
featherbedding
- b) a plant that an employer moves to another city to escape union demands?
runaway shop
- c) a pledge required by an employer that a new worker will not join a union?
yellow-dog contract
- d) a company that can hire non-union workers, but requires them to join a union after they are hired?
union shop

14) (25 points) From 1792 to 1797, he was a mine assessor in Prussia, a position he resigned to study nature. He explored Mexico, Central America, and South America for 5 years, then returning to Paris. There he helped found modern geography and pioneered in plant climatology, drawing the first map with isothermal lines. For 25 points, who was this German scientist, author of the 5-volume explanation of everything, Cosmos?

Baron Alexander von Humboldt

15) (25 points) Best known for his experimental studies of learning, he described his "mathematico-deductive" theory in Principles of Behavior (1943). Attempting to devise a rigorous system of behavior prediction, he looked to Darwin, Pavlov, and Freud for insight. For 25 points, who was this American psychologist, 1884-1952, who coined the term "aptitude testing" in his 1928 book of the same name?

Clark Hull

16) (30 points) Many of the Pulitzer Prize winners for novel/fiction have been widely known outside of the literary community, others not so. For 10 points each, name these Pulitzer Prize winning authors which are not so widely known:

- a) 1978, Elbow Room **James Alan McPherson**
- b) 1975, The Killer Angels **Michael Shaara**
- c) 1969, House Made of Dawn **N. Scott Momaday**

17) (30 points) The Americans for Democratic Action, like other organizations, rate members of Congress according to 20 votes in the House or Senate. The most liberal members of Congress get 100's, while the most conservative get 0's. 8 Senators in the 100th Congress got zeroes. For 5 points each, name any 6 of them. (HINT: One of them was NOT the senior Senator from North Carolina.)

Steve Symms, Christopher Bond, Don Nickles, Strom Thurmond, Larry Pressler, Phil Gramm, Malcolm Wallop, (Barfin) Jake Garn

18) (30 points) Given the founding father or mother of a religious group or sect, name it, 5 points each.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a) Charles Taze Russell | Jehovah's Witnesses |
| b) Mary Baker Eddy | Christian Scientists ✓ |
| c) Sun Myung Moon | Unification Church ✓ |
| d) Menno Simons | Mennonites |
| e) George Fox | Society of Friends ✓ |
| f) Henry Tudor | Anglican ✓ |

(acc: Church of Christ, Scientist for Christian Science, Quakers for Soc. of Friends, and Church of England or Episcopalian for Anglican)

19) (30 points) What with all the foofooraw over Iraq, you've perhaps seen their national flag. Let's see how much you know about similar flags in the middle east. Answer these questions, for 10 points each.

a) Iraq's flag has red, white, and black horizontal stripes with 3 green stars in the white stripe. Replace the 3 green stars with 1 yellow one, and what country's flag do you have? **Yemen**

b) Remove the yellow star from Yemen's flag, and insert a green triangle along the left side. Now what flag do you have? **Sudan**

c) Flip Sudan's flag vertically and put a white star in the green triangle. Now what flag do you have? **Jordan**

20) (25 points) His father and namesake was a policeman whose moonlighting included training the Shah's imperial police and narrating the late '30s radio series Gang Busters. His subordinates call him "the Bear", but professional rivals call him "Stormin' Norman". For 25 points, who is this military leader, commander of US forces in Saudi Arabia?

H. Norman Schwarzkopf